

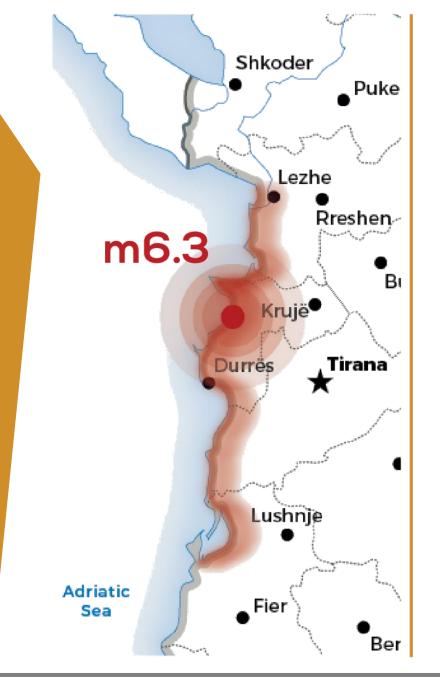
Presentation of the Results







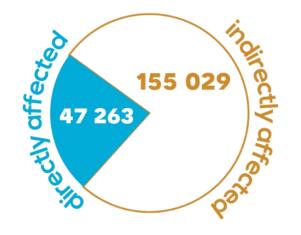




EARTHQUAKE

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Government organization and response

26 November 2019

Legal arrangements

Social arrangements

Donors dialogue

27 Nov

- Announcement of Emergency
- Inter-Ministerial Committee for Civil Emergency set up

29 Nov

- Special Envoy appointed
- Regional Emergency Unit –Durres set up

30 Nov

- Regional Emergency Unit –Tirana and Lezha set up
- Approval of Normative Act | Housing donations to the families of victims & Scholarships to pupils/students who lost their parents
- DCM for hotel accommodation of directly affected families

03 Dec

- Request to Donors for support in PDNA preparation
 05 Dec
- Nomination of PDNA Coordinator

16 Dec

PDNA Launch

18 Dec

Establishment of State Ministry for Reconstruction

Data collection

Instrument used to collect data:

- Ascertainments Acts for assessing the damage state of a building: an ad-hoc IT system was developed integrating three databases: a) national Address book, electricity billing system and orthophotos
- Business Survey on Enterprises losses done by INSTAT
- Survey on Household Damage due to Earthquake (SHDE) on 3 regions conducted by INSTAT and UNDP
- Hotels survey for people living in hotels conducted by UNDP
- Household Survey on families staying in tents conducted by UNDP

<u>Disaggregation of data</u> by municipalities, ownership, gender

<u>Definition of periods</u>: 1 year, 2 years, 5 years

The baseline data are given by the INSTAT, GDT and BoA, Line Ministries

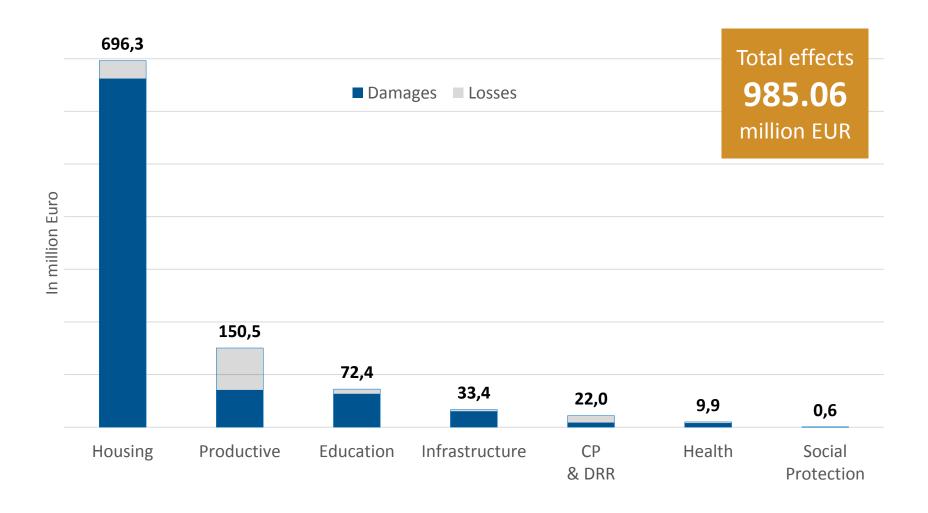
Summary of disaster effects

		in million Euros		
Sectors Subsectors	Damages	Losses	Total	
Health	8.02	1.91	9.93	
Education	63.59	8.76	72.35	
Housing	662.30	34.00	696.30	
Productive	70.82	79.66	150.48	
Business and Employment	47.48	5.47	52.95	
Tourism	16.71	73.53	90.24	
Cultural Heritage	5.31	0.44	5.75	
Agriculture	1.32	0.22	1.54	
Infrastructure	30.41	3.01	33.42	
Community infrastructure	6.06	0.16	6.22	
Roads	4.83	0.43	5.26	
Water and sanitation	0.35	0.00	0.35	
Communication	0.92	0.16	1.08	
Public buildings	10.07	2.26	12.33	
Energy	8.18	0.00	8.18	
Social Protection	-	0.62	0.62	
Civil Protection and DRR	8.75	13.21	21.96	
Total	843.89	141.17	985.06	

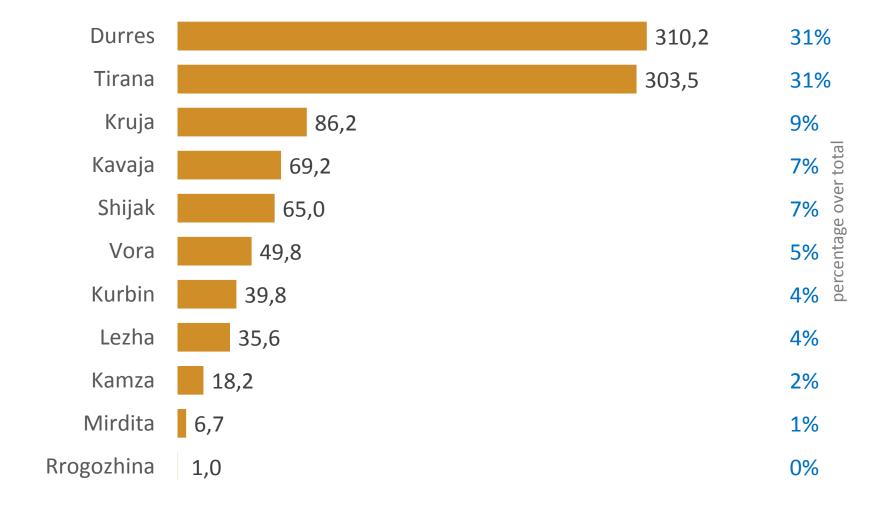
Damages 86%

Losses 14%

Effects by sector



Total effects by municipality, in million EUR



Physical Assets damage

Health damage



8% of health facilities were damaged

Education damage



24% of education facilities were damaged

Housing damage



18% of housing units were damaged

Business damage



8%
of manufacturing and trade facilities were damaged

Tourism damage



2%
of accommodations, bars and restaurants were damaged

Heritage damage



28% of cultural monuments were damaged

Other Effects

- 86% of effects are in the private sector and 14% are in the public sector
- The earthquake is estimated to have caused effects that are equivalent to 6.4% of 2018 Gross Domestic Product (GDP) in damages and to 1.1% of GDP in losses.
- The projected growth of the Albanian economy is estimated 2.4% for 2019 and 3.2% in 2020 from a pre-earthquake baseline estimated growth of 2.9% and 3.5% respectively.

Guiding Principles for recovery

 Recovery framework with a 'Building Back Better' and people-based approach

Building Back Better (BBB)

- Ensure sustainable and environment-friendly reconstruction
- Energy efficiency
- Accessible and safe settlements

People-based approach

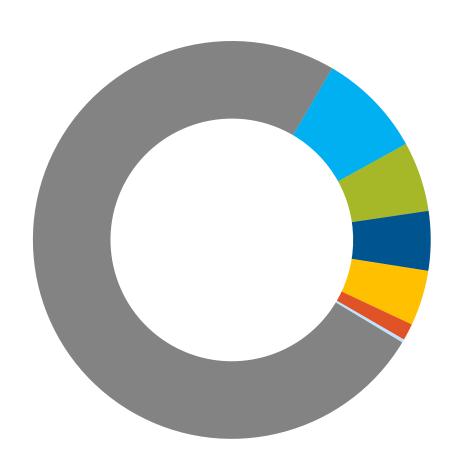
- social inclusion
- community participation through an owner-driven reconstruction (ODR) approach
- gender equity

Recovery needs by sector

	Short	Medium	Long	Total
Sectors Subsectors	in million EUR			
Health	9.77	4.77	0.01	14.55
Education	53.99	39.38	1.46	94.83
Housing	430.51	371.85	0.50	802.86
Productive	18.61	21.29	11.93	51.83
Business and employment	10.00	13.80	4.05	27.84
Tourism	5.95	2.99	1.93	10.88
Cultural heritage	0.79	2.77	3.84	7.41
Agriculture	1.86	1.73	2.11	5.70
Infrastructure	7.51	38.42	15.07	61.00
Community infrastructure	1.03	6.32	3.16	10.51
Energy	2.71	9.56	0.63	12.90
Government buildings	2.66	15.93	7.97	26.56
Communication	0.26	1.55	0.78	2.59
Transport	0.75	4.48	2.24	7.47
Water, Sanitation and Hygiene	0.10	0.58	0.29	0.97
Social Protection	1.19	0.96	0.69	2.83
Civil Protection and DRR	23.91	22.94	1.40	48.25
Total in million EUR	545.48	499.61	31.06	1,076.15

Recovery needs, percentage by sector

- Housing 74.81%
- Education 8.56%
- Infrastructure 5.68%
- Productive 4.83%
- Civil Protection and DRR 4.50%
- Health 1.36%
- Social Protection 0.26%



DRR in the centre of the Recovery Plan

Resilient governance

will require improvements of policy and institutional capacities in risk. management at all levels

Resilient planning

will require an adoption of a modern seismic building code.

Recovery of DRR

should include: Subsidiarity, Coordination, Gender perspective, Prevention of discrimination of any type.

To be adopted by local authorities as one of their primary duties



"Never let a crisis go to waste"